

BELLS TOLL MONDAY FOR NAVY HEROES

Flags at Half-Staff and Full Military Honors to Vera Cruz Dead.

PRESIDENT'S EULOGY FEATURE OF TRIBUTE

Cabinet and Congress in Escort of Seventeen Color Draped Caissons with Bodies.

In preparation for the national tribute to the seventeen sailors and marines who were killed in action at Vera Cruz, Mayor Mitchell requested yesterday that between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock Monday morning, while the bodies are being borne through the city to the navy yard, the bells on all churches be tolled and all flags in the city be set at half-staff.

Several minor changes in the programme for the funeral announced yesterday left it almost as previously arranged—a military funeral with full war honors for the dead.

Secretary of Agriculture Houston will accompany Secretary Daniels of the Navy in the yacht Mayflower and arrive in time to convey the cruiser Montana, bearing the bodies, as she enters the harbor Sunday afternoon. The battleship Wyoming, which goes out to sea Saturday morning to meet Secretary Daniels and the Montana, will also act as convoy, all three vessels coming to anchor five hundred yards off the Battery Sunday afternoon.

After the bodies are placed on seventeen caissons at Pier A, the funeral procession will start up Broadway. An escort of mounted police will lead, followed by the combined bands of the battleships Wyoming and Texas. Then will come a battalion of sailors from the Wyoming, in command of Lieutenant Commander C. R. Miller, and a battalion from the Texas, under Lieutenant Commander Timmons. They will be followed by a battalion of naval militia, making about nine hundred men in line.

The seventeen caissons, heaped with flowers, each caisson drawn by four horses, come next, and immediately following, heading the funeral procession of distinguished guests, will be President Wilson with Admiral Dewey. The government's guests will ride in carriages, others in automobiles furnished by the city. Officers of the army and the national guard will be in the procession, but only as invited guests of the navy.

At City Hall a brief halt will be made while five hundred school children sing. There will be no services or speeches here.

When the cortege reaches Brooklyn navy yard, twenty-one guns will salute the dead, and the same salute will be given when he departs. His oration will be brief, and the services will not take more than half an hour in the navy yard.

Orders were issued yesterday that only one moving picture of the ceremonies in the yard would be permitted, the one operator to be chosen by the vote of the moving picture companies. Photographers, unless by special permit, will be barred from the navy yard.

A joint committee of seven Senators and twenty-one Representatives will come from Congress for the ceremonies. The Senators appointed by Vice-President Marshall are Robinson, Saulsbury, O'Gorman, Vandaman, Gallinger, Kenyon and Brady. The special train with the Representatives on board will arrive Monday morning.

A five-foot wreath, the tribute from the city to the dead, was ordered by Mayor Mitchell yesterday and will be placed on the caisson bearing the body of the first of the city's heroes in line, probably that of Dennis J. Lane.

If the usual order for funerals was preserved, the order of importance in the line of march would be reversed, making the President bring up the rear. This will not be done, although it is probable that Secretary Daniels, with Commandant Albert N. Gleaves, of the navy, will close the procession.

Memorial service for the sailors and marines who lost their lives at Vera Cruz will be held at 4:30 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at the Navy Young Men's Christian Association, 167 Sands st., Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. John F. Carson, of Central Presbyterian Church, will speak, and selections will be sung by a quartet of the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church.

Commandant Gleaves of the New York Navy Yard and staff and captains and commanding officers of the ships at the yard have been invited. The service will be public.

NO BOMB DROPPING FOR UNITED STATES

Only Great Power Willing to Sign Agreement at Peace Conference.

The recent bomb dropping incident at Mazatlan, Mexico, brings up the fact that during the second international peace conference at The Hague in 1907, the United States was the only great power willing to sign an agreement to prohibit the discharge of explosives from air craft in time of war.

The disadvantage of this agreement to the United States was the favorite topic of discussion at the Aero Club of America yesterday, as Mexico was one of the nations refusing to be a party to the declaration, which, in part, reads as follows:

"The contracting powers agree to prohibit, for a period extending to the close of the third peace conference, the discharge of projectiles and explosives from balloons or by other methods of a similar nature."

This agreement was made before the aeroplane had become perfected, but it was admitted by all who considered the matter yesterday that the agreement would apply to heavier-than-air machines. The countries unwilling to sign were Germany, Austria-Hungary, China, Denmark, Ecuador, Spain, France, Great Britain, Guatemala, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Montenegro, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Rumania, Russia, Serbia, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and Venezuela.

Fleet Sailors' Terms End.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, May 8.—One hundred and fifty sailors of the fleet at Vera Cruz, whose enlistments are about to expire or which will expire before June 1, are being brought north on the armored cruiser Montana, which is also bringing the sailors and marines who were killed at Vera Cruz.

REFUGEES BOARDING THE MONTEREY AT VERA CRUZ TO SAIL FOR NEW YORK.



MR. BRYAN DENIES HUERTA'S CHARGES

Declares United States Has Not Broken Armistice Agreement.

ACTIVITY OF ARMY IN PROPER BOUNDS

No Aggressive Movement Intended Unless Federal Force Americans to Act.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, May 8.—General Huerta has sent a note to the United States government, through the mediators, protesting against what he considers an infringement of the understanding between himself and the mediators that during the mediation there shall be no military operations, declaring that the American troops in Vera Cruz are unduly active and maintaining that the tacit armistice is being violated.

Secretary Bryan received Huerta's representations to-day. He said this afternoon that he would send a reply, in which he would say that nothing whatsoever had been done by the American army at Vera Cruz to disturb the military status quo and that nothing would be done pending the mediation.

The "armistice" between Huerta and the United States is only an understanding, according to explanations from the State Department. Nothing so formal as an actual truce has been entered into. Each side has merely stated that it would take no aggressive action during the mediation. Mr. Bryan said that he would make this clear to Huerta. The United States, he declared, had no intention of taking any aggressive step.

War Department announcements do not indicate that General Funston has done anything to justify complaints from Huerta. General Funston has wished to extend his lines, but has been prohibited from doing so. He has, it is understood here, rearranged his forces so as to furnish more adequate protection for the waterworks, but this has not meant an enlargement of the field of American military activity. Even the navy aeroplanes are not permitted, under the orders issued from Washington, to scout over districts outside the established American lines.

On the other hand, information comes that Huerta has been very active in a military way and has assembled troops and made other preparations for withstanding an American attack. This fails to worry the administration and no protest is contemplated, if for no other reason than that the anomalous armistice is not held to prohibit the American army making preparations in the United States for future action.

HOW CITY WILL HONOR NAVY HEROES SLAIN AT VERA CRUZ

- TO-DAY.
- 9 A. M.—Battleship Wyoming leaves navy yard and goes to Ambrose Lightship to meet the cruiser Montana bearing the bodies of the sailors and marines killed in the taking of Vera Cruz.
 - SUNDAY.
 - 11 A. M.—Navy officials leave to meet the Montana off Sandy Hook. Secretary Daniels, on the yacht Mayflower, joins the Montana and Wyoming.
 - 3 P. M.—Montana, conveyed by the Wyoming and Mayflower, arrives off Battery and anchors 500 yards off shore.
 - MONDAY.
 - 8:30 A. M.—The seventeen bodies are transferred from the Montana to tugs and sent ashore at Pier A, the Battery, where they are loaded on seventeen caissons.
 - Procession, with President Wilson, Admiral Dewey, Secretary Garrison, Secretary Daniels, Secretary Houston, Congressional Committee, Governor Glynn, Mayor Mitchell, and three battalions of sailors and naval militia-men, is formed.
 - 9 A. M.—Funeral procession starts up Broadway.
 - 9:30 A. M.—Procession arrives at City Hall and stops five minutes while five hundred school children sing "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Then the cortege proceeds up Centre st., down Canal, across the Manhattan Bridge to the navy yard.
 - 10:45 A. M.—Funeral cortege enters navy yard. Battleship Tennessee salutes President Wilson with twenty-one guns.
 - 11 A. M.—Religious exercises begin. Chaplain William G. Cassard, of Annapolis, delivering the invocation. President Wilson delivers funeral oration, followed by prayer by Rabbi Wise and benediction by Father John P. Chidwick, chaplain of the Maine when she was blown up and now chaplain of the navy yard.
 - 11:45 A. M.—Bodies removed to marine barracks.
 - 2 P. M.—Bodies shipped from navy yard to relatives.

VILLA ACCUSED OF INSULT TO FLAG

Senators Told Rebel Defied American Proclamation in Persecuting Spaniards.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, May 8.—To a long list of offenses charged against Pancho Villa, the Constitutionalist leader, has been added an insult to the American government which amazes Senators into whose hands information of the affront has just fallen.

The American consular agent at Torreon, I. M. Ulmer, issued a proclamation just after the battle of Torreon, in which Villa proved victorious, declaring that Spaniards and Spanish property were under the protection of the government of the United States. This was issued in printed form and to each copy was attached the consular seal of the United States.

The proclamation said that the government of the United States would hold "strictly and personally accountable" any person who did harm to Spanish property or who injured a Spanish subject. It was placed in the hands of all Spanish subjects and posted on Spanish property.

When Villa captured Torreon he seized all the Spanish property he could lay his hands on, as State Department reports are known to show, including cotton to the value of more than \$5,000,000, and he drove seven hundred Spaniards out of the country.

Senators declared to-day that Villa's utter defiance of the protection assumed by the American consular agent, undoubtedly on instructions from Washington, was as much an affront to American honor as the failure of Huerta to salute the flag at Tampico.

KEYSTONE MILITIA READY

Preparations Completed, Say Officers, to Answer Call.

Harrisburg, Penn., May 8.—Officials at national guard headquarters said to-day that everything was in readiness to respond to a call for the Pennsylvania militia from the President and that preparations begun months ago had been completed. The 10,000 officers and men have been preparing for a call ever since the Mexican situation became acute.

Columbus, May 8.—Governor Cox said to-day that he had received no information that the Ohio troops might be called for soon. Adjutant General Wood said that the national guard could be mobilized within a few hours.

SEVENTH RECRUITS AIR SQUAD FOR WAR

Local Regiment Has Detachment of Skilled Aeronauts Who Are Soldiers as Well.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

With the sanction of Colonel Daniel Appleton a flying squad has been organized in the 7th Regiment, thus showing that the New York National Guard is keenly alive to the possibilities of war in Mexico. J. William Hazelton and John McK. Palmer, of Company H, and Lester C. Faurot, of Company M, have assembled a biplane in the drill hall, and it is being used for practice indoors. Beginning to-day the men will receive practice instruction outdoors, two flying boats having been obtained for this purpose.

When volunteers were called for to form the aerial detachment of the regiment it was found that there were twenty-eight licensed pilots of air craft in the organization. Hazelton has had wide experience, having served under Madero at Torreon and Juarez.

Colonel Appleton insists that while the flying squad can have no official status in an infantry regiment, the development of a detachment of efficient airmen would be of great value to the government in time of war.

"To be of real value for scouting purposes," said the colonel yesterday, "an aviator must possess a military training as well as ability to navigate an aeroplane. If our project is successful the 7th Regiment will be able to turn over to the War Department a squad of well trained, disciplined, military airmen, to be used in such manner as superior authority may direct."

LEWIS PRAISES THE DEAD

Illinois Senator Points to Four Races in the List.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, May 8.—In anticipation of the arrival of the Montana, Senator Lewis, of Illinois, delivered in the Senate to-day a warm eulogy of the men who fell in the occupation of Vera Cruz.

The Vice-President designated Senators Robinson, Saulsbury, O'Gorman, Vandaman, Gallinger, Kenyon and Brady to represent the Senate on the joint Congressional committee at the ceremonies in honor of the dead sailors and marines.

Senator Lewis paid tribute to the four races represented in the list of the dead, saying: "Behold them, the first four completing the ever present mystic square, personifying them all—Daniel A. Hagerity, an Irishman; John Schumacher, a German; George Polnsett, a Frenchman; and Samuel Meisenberg, a Jew."

"We call to the watching world to attest to the civilization of men, the attachment of America for her children, and the praise and triumph she ever pays to the hero who serves her cause."

HALTS HUNT FOR ARMY DESERTERS

Sheriff Demands Alleged "Special Deputy" Explain to Court.

H. A. Reed, who styles himself "Special Deputy Sheriff, Bonded," business address 78 Seventh av., was brought up with a sharp turn by Sheriff Griffenhagen yesterday in his career as a "rounder up" of deserters from the army and the marine corps under the supposed power of a special deputy.

It was through a misdirected letter sent by an officer of the United States marine barracks at Philadelphia to Reed that Sheriff Griffenhagen learned about the operations of Reed. When Reed went to the Sheriff's office yesterday he was served with a summons to appear before Magistrate Appleton Tuesday to explain his operations as a "special deputy sheriff," he having no appointment from Sheriff Griffenhagen.

A reward of \$50 is paid for each deserter arrested and returned. Reed seems to have made that his business.

Bury Vera Cruz Victim at Sea.

[From The Tribune Bureau.] Washington, May 8.—Manuel Buteros, a Spanish waiter at the Hotel Dilligencia, in Vera Cruz, died aboard the hospital ship Solace, which is on the way from Vera Cruz to New York, and was buried at sea, according to a radio from that ship. Buteros was wounded in the thigh in the fighting of April 22. The Solace's radio said that Buteros's father, Juan Buteros, lives in Santander, Spain.

TO PROTECT AMERICANS

Huerta Minister Tells Tribune Foreigners Are Safe.

[By Cable to The Tribune.] Mexico City, May 8.—Minister Alcocer of the Interior told The Tribune correspondent to-day he knew nothing about the new exodus order to the Americans coming from Consul Canada at Vera Cruz, and intimated that the Mexican government was willing to afford facilities to



A REFUGEE AND HER BABIES ON THE MONTEREY.

12:30 IS HALF PAST JOHN

A Family Face for Each Hour on This Man's Watch Dial.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Winsted, Conn., May 8.—S. Wood McClave, of Grantwood, N. J., who, with Mrs. McClave, is at his summer home, State Line Farm, in Colebrook, tells time by the faces of his family.

In place of numerals on the dial of his new watch appear pictures of himself and Mrs. McClave and their ten children. Hour 1 is S. Wood McClave, Jr.; hour 2, Roscoe McClave; hour 3, Mrs. McClave; hour 4, Mildred McClave; hour 5, Ormonde McClave; hour 6, Ella Louise McClave; hour 7, Clarice McClave; hour 8, Duncan McClave; hour 9, Mr. McClave; hour 10, Mrs. Florence Holthausen; hour 11, Marguerite McClave; and hour 12, John McClave.

GEN. AUSTIN OUT AS ARTILLERY CHIEF

Col. Morris Succeeds Him, then Retires with Advanced Rank—Other Guard Changes.

Brigadier General Elmore F. Austin, chief of coast artillery, N. G. N. Y., was voluntarily retired from that office yesterday, and Colonel William F. Morris, 8th Regiment, Coast Artillery, promoted chief in his stead, with the rank of brigadier general. He will be retired Monday.

Lieutenant Colonel Frank O. Sauvan of the 8th Regiment, who has been a member of that command since 1870 and is a Spanish War veteran, was made colonel of the regiment after Austin was retired, and was then retired himself with the rank of colonel. General Austin was then recommissioned colonel of the 8th Regiment, and will hold that office. Other changes among officers will follow.

As exclusively told in The Tribune last Monday, these changes were made to conform to the organization of the United States Army as demanded by the War Department. Although the changes were not required until June, 1913, Major General John F. O'Ryan and Adjutant General Henry DeWitt Hamilton were anxious to have the entire guard organized as the War Department desired, so as to be ready at once for war should the service of the state force be required in whole or in part.

After Monday the 8th Regiment will be under command of Lieutenant Colonel John G. Byrne, and will not be entitled to a colonel. Following the retirement of General Morris Monday, the next change will be the promotion of Colonel Charles O. Davis to be chief of coast artillery for two or three days to be followed by his permanent retirement from the active list. It is not certain whether Colonel Davis will voluntarily retire or not.

With the retirement of Colonel Davis, the 11th, according to the present plans, will be under command of Lieutenant Colonel James T. Ashley for some time, but will eventually be permitted to have a colonel at its head.

Who will be lieutenant colonel of the 8th Regiment is not known. The next senior lieutenant colonel of coast artillery is Washington I. Taylor, who has been an assistant to the former chief, and it is thought likely he may be assigned to duty with the 8th.

HOMEMADE BIPLANE FATAL

Turns Turtle and Young Aviator Is Killed.

Utica, N. Y., May 8.—Percival Van Ness, of this city, a licensed aviator, was almost instantly killed here this evening, when his new biplane turned turtle.

Van Ness and his brother Jesse had just built the machine. They took it to the racetrack at Deerfield and there assembled it this afternoon. Percival made a short preliminary test flight and then endeavored to make one higher. He had risen about fifty feet when the biplane turned over.

The Van Ness brothers formerly lived in Bath, Me., and had some experience with flying machines.

New Attache for Washington.

Paris, May 8.—Captain Martin, of the French navy, was to-day appointed naval attaché to the French Embassy in Washington.

WAR DEPARTMENT TAKES MORE SHIPS

Five Liners Commandeered in Various Ports to Carry Troops.

GALVESTON EXPECTS MOVEMENT AT ONCE

One of Boats Undergoing Repairs and Without a Crew Is Manned Hurriedly.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Galveston, May 8.—The Mallory Steamship Line's office here announced to-night their steamships Colorado and Denver had just been chartered by the War Department for transport duty.

The Denver is the bigger of the two, with a registered tonnage of 4,549 and 5,206 horsepower. The Colorado, which is now in port, has a tonnage of 2,764 and 1,600 horsepower.

The commandeering of these two liners has led to the belief that the remainder of the second division of the army is to be ordered to join General Funston's forces in Vera Cruz within the next few days. This belief is further strengthened by reports in army circles that orders have been received to prepare the troops for immediate embarkation.

The San Marcos, also chartered from the Mallory Line, arrived from Vera Cruz to-day, and will be ready to return on Monday. It is said that these three boats, together with the army transports Meade, Kilpatrick, Sumner and McClellan, could easily carry the 4th and 6th Brigades, with the aviation corps, mountain artillery and remainder of cavalry, approximately 8,000 men and officers.

The Kilpatrick is now taking on all sorts of supplies at the army pier. It has been expected she would get away to-morrow, and that she might be accompanied by the converted transport Satilla, which has been loading especially with such permanent camp equipment for the troops at Vera Cruz as tents, stoves, ranges, cots, and other paraphernalia.

Major General J. F. Bell, who is to relieve General Carter, is expected here momentarily. It is believed he was ordered here to accompany the troops to Vera Cruz and there take command of the entire division. His experiences in the Philippines, it is expected, will stand him in good stead in tropical and mountainous Mexico.

It was reported to-day that in case only one brigade is sent to Vera Cruz as reinforcements, that brigade would be the 4th, which is composed of the 26th, 27th and 28th Infantry, under command of Colonel R. L. Bullard.

The 8th Brigade is composed of the 18th, 11th and 22d Infantry, under command of Colonel T. F. Davis. In addition there are ten troops of the 5th Cavalry, two batteries of mountain artillery and two batteries of field artillery.

Major Noble, who is to have charge of sanitation at Vera Cruz, left here to-day. He was under Colonel Gorgas in Panama.

STILL BATTERING AT GATES OF MAZATLAN

Carranza Orders Rebel Campaign There and at Tampico Pushed with Vigor.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, May 8.—A dispatch from Rear Admiral Howard at Mazatlan, dated yesterday, does not mention the capture of that town. The report had been circulated that after the city was attacked by an aeroplane the Federalists surrendered.

The Constitutional leader, General Obregon, has agreed to the establishment of a neutral zone for non-combatants, as was requested by Admiral Howard and the German navy commander at Mazatlan. General Obregon says that his forces will not injure foreigners, non-combatants nor property. Admiral Howard understands there are many Americans inside the Constitutionalist lines who did not wish to leave the country, considering themselves safe.

Huerta has issued orders from Mexico City that no American vessel shall clear at a Mexican port. The same prohibition is placed on Mexican vessels bound for the United States, thereby stopping all trade. It is understood, however, that if it is necessary American steamers may enter Mexican ports for the purpose of picking up refugees and American warships will see to it that they are permitted to clear and go where they please.

General Carranza, chief of the Constitutional forces in Mexico, notified Rafael Zubaran, his Minister of the Interior, yesterday, that he had issued instructions to his military chiefs to pursue with the utmost vigor the campaigns against the Federal forces at Tampico and Mazatlan.

GEN. MAAS EXECUTES 19

Puts to Death Convicts Freed to Defend Vera Cruz.

Vera Cruz, May 8.—A Mexican brought into the city to-day a report that General Gustavo Maas has put to death nineteen of the convicts he released from prison just before the Americans occupied Vera Cruz.

Among the prisoners he released and armed to assist him in the defence of Vera Cruz were many well known criminals. Since the Americans drove the Federalists out of Vera Cruz these men have been robbing and killing people in the region not protected by either the Mexicans or the Americans.

General Maas is said to have rounded up one band of the former prisoners and executed all of its members.

Cuban Lottery Fraud Warning.

[By Cable to The Tribune.] Havana, May 8.—Lottery frauds, whereby false duplicates of tickets were sold in Porto Rico and in various parts of the United States, were denounced in the House this afternoon.

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TAMPICO REFUGEES APPEAL TO BRYAN

Complain to Him of the Government's Failure to Protect Them.

DISPLEASED WITH THEIR RECEPTION

Grievances Also Laid Before Senators in Behalf of 300 Forced to Flee.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, May 8.—The delegation in Washington representing the Americans of Tampico who think that the government failed to give them adequate protection when they were forced to leave Mexico called on the Secretary of State to-day and set forth their claims. They hope to see the President to-morrow.

So far